

Supporting Information**Bionanosphere Lithography via Hierarchical Peptide Self-Assembly of
Aromatic Triphenylalanine****

Tae Hee Han, Taedong Ok, Jangbae Kim, Dong Ok Shin, Hyotcherl Ihee, Hee-Seung Lee,
and Sang Ouk Kim**

NMR spectra were obtained on Bruker AVANCE 400 spectrometer (400 MHz for ¹H NMR, 100 MHz for ¹³C NMR) and measured in CDCl₃ or DMSO-d₆. Chemical shifts were recorded in ppm relative to internal standard CDCl₃, and coupling constants were reported in Hz. The high resolution mass spectra were recorded on VG Autospec Ultima spectrometer. All reactions were carried out in oven-dried glassware under a N₂ atmosphere. All solvents were distilled from the indicated drying reagents right before use: CH₂Cl₂ (P₂O₅) and MeCN (CaH₂). The normal work-up included extraction, drying over Na₂SO₄ or MgSO₄ and evaporation of volatile materials *in vacuo*. Purifications by column chromatography were performed using Merck silica gel 60 (230 ~ 400 mesh). DMF = *N,N*-Dimethylformamide, HBTU = *O*-Benzotriazole-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyl-uronium-hexafluoro-phosphate, HOBt = Hydroxybenzotriazole, DIEA = Diisopropylethylamine.

Synthetic procedures for *N*-(*t*-Boc)-protected triphenylalanine.

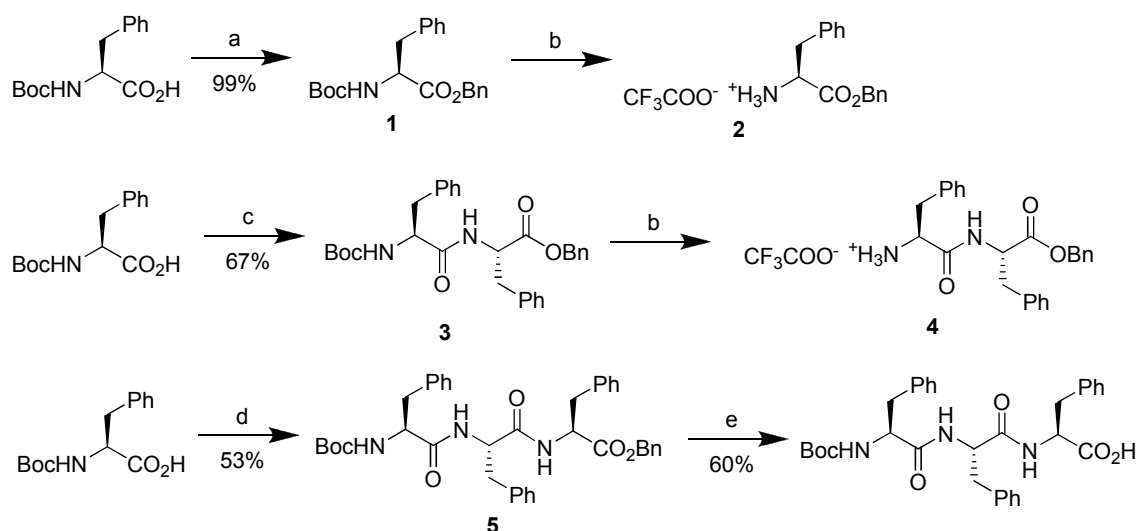
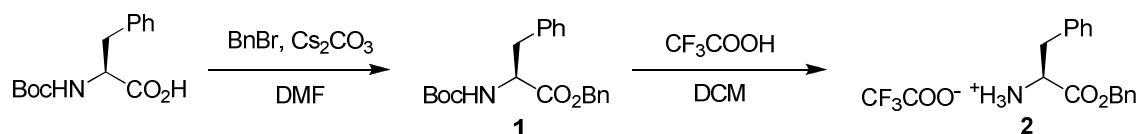


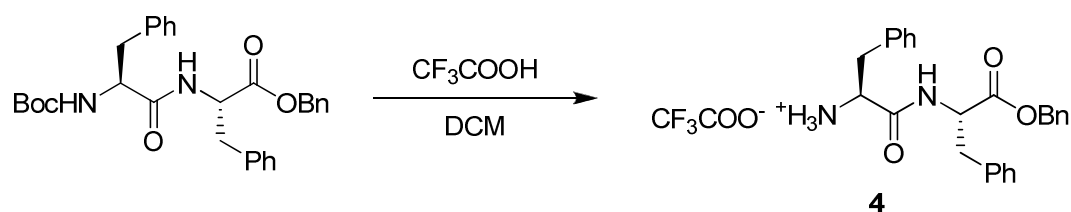
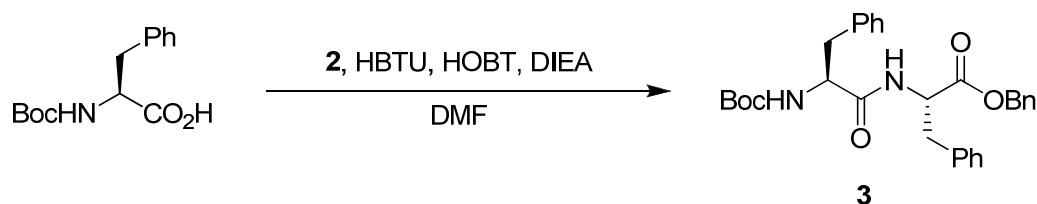
Figure S1. (a) BnBr, Cs₂CO₃, DMF, rt (b) CF₃COOH, DCM (c) **2**, HBTU, HOBT, DIEA, DMF, rt (d) **4**, HBTU, HOBT, DIEA, DMF, rt (e) 10% Pd/C, 10% MeOH/DCM.



Boc-Phe-Phe-Phe-OBn (1) : Boc-protected phenylalanine (2.00g, 7.54mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (3.19g, 9.79mmol), and benzyl bromide (1.34ml, 11.3mmol) was stirred in 50ml of DMF at room temperature for 1.5 h. The reaction was quenched with ammonium chloride saturated solution and the product was extracted with methylene chloride (×3) and was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography using 10% EtOAc/Hexane to afford **1** (2.54g, 99%) as a white solid.: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ7.34 (3H, m), 7.28 (2H, m), 7.21 (3H, m), 7.02 (2H, m), 5.12 (2H, q, *J*_{HH} = 12.3Hz), 4.95 (1H, m), 4.61 (m, 1H), 3.06 (2H, d, *J*_{HH} = 6.3Hz), 1.39 (9H, s).

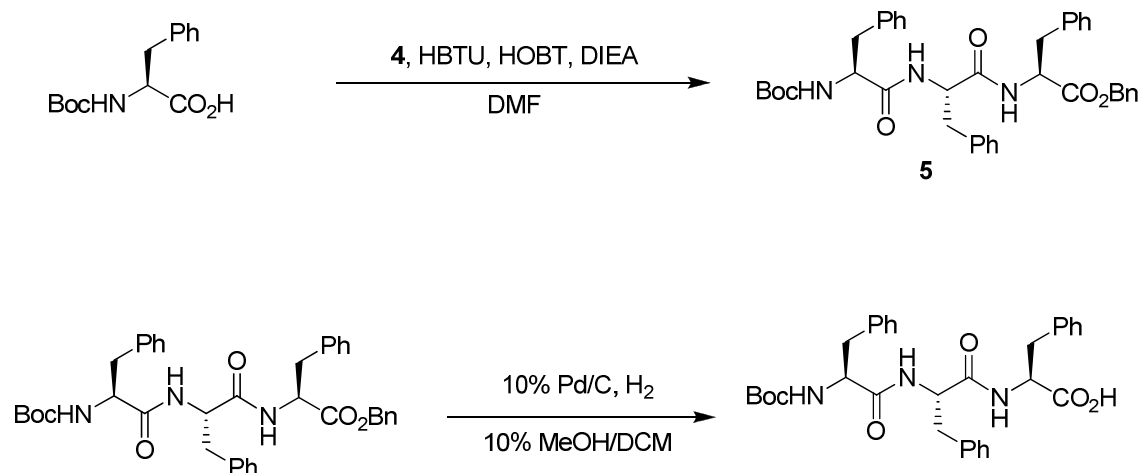
TFA·H-Phe-OH (2): To a stirred solution of **1** (2.54g, 7.44mmol) in anhydrous methylene chloride (10ml) was added trifluoroacetic acid (10ml). The reaction mixture was stirred at

room temperature for 1 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford **2** as a crude product.



Boc-Phe-Phe-OBn (3): Boc-protected phenylalanine (2.0g, 7.54mmol), HBTU (3.72g, 9.81mmol), HOBT (1.32g, 9.81mmol), and DIEA (6.23ml, 37.7mmol) was stirred at room temperature in anhydrous DMF (30ml). To the mixture was transferred **2** (7.44mmol) dissolved in anhydrous DMF (20ml) via cannular. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The reaction was quenched with ammonium chloride saturated solution and was extracted with methylene chloride ($\times 3$) and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. All the solvents in the organic phase were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography using 20% EtOAc/Hexane to afford **3** (2.40g, 67%) as a white solid.: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34 (3H, m), 7.23 (6H, m), 7.14 (4H, m), 6.87 (2H, m), 6.25 (1H, d, $J_{\text{HH}} = 7.3\text{Hz}$), 5.07 (2H, s), 4.90 (1H, bs), 4.79 (1H, q, $J_{\text{HH}} = 6.8\text{Hz}$), 4.29 (1H, bs), 3.02 (4H, m), 1.37 (9H, s).

TFA·H-Phe-Phe-OBn (4): To a stirred solution of **3** (2.40g, 4.78mmol) in anhydrous methylene chloride (7ml) was added trifluoroacetic acid (7ml). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford **4** as a crude product.



Boc-Phe-Phe-Phe-OBn (5): Boc-protected phenylalanine (1.4g, 5.28mmol), HBTU (2.60g, 6.86mmol), HOBT (0.93g, 6.86mmol), and DIEA (4.36ml, 26.4mmol) was stirred at room temperature in anhydrous DMF (20ml). To the mixture was transferred **4** (4.78mmol) dissolved in anhydrous DMF (20ml) via cannular. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The reaction was quenched with ammonium chloride saturated solution and was extracted with methylene chloride ($\times 3$) and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. All the solvents in the organic phase were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography using 1% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ to afford **5** (1.64g, 53%) as a white solid.: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 (3H, m), 7.20 (13H, m), 7.12 (2H, m), 6.91 (2H, m), 6.40 (1H, d, $J_{\text{HH}} = 7.5\text{Hz}$), 6.18 (1H, bs), 5.07 (2H, s), 4.80 (1H, bs), 4.72 (1H, q, $J_{\text{HH}} = 7.3\text{Hz}$), 4.52 (1H, q, $J_{\text{HH}} = 7.0\text{Hz}$), 4.27 (1H, d, $J_{\text{HH}} = 6.6\text{Hz}$), 2.94 (6H, m), 1.36 (9H, s).

Boc-Phe-Phe-Phe-OH (Boc-FFF-OH) : Boc-FFF-OBn (**5**) (3.15g, 4.85mmol) and 10% Pd/C (300mg) was stirred at room temperature in MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (1:9) (100ml) under hydrogen balloon. The mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, washed with CH₂Cl₂. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a crude product which was recrystallized by CH₃CN with heating. After cooling, the solid product was filtered, washed with cold CH₃CN to afford **Boc-**

FFF-OH (1.64g, 60%) as a white powder.: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 12.76 (1H, bs), 8.36 (1H, d, $J_{\text{HH}} = 7.7\text{Hz}$), 7.89 (1H, d, $J_{\text{HH}} = 8.4\text{Hz}$), 7.24 (15H, m), 6.83 (1H, d, $J_{\text{HH}} = 8.8\text{Hz}$), 4.58 (1H, m), 4.46 (1H, q, $J_{\text{HH}} = 5.3\text{Hz}$), 4.08 (1H, m), 3.04 (2H, m), 2.99 (1H, m), 2.90 (1H, m), 2.49 (1H, t, $J_{\text{HH}} = 1.7\text{Hz}$), 1.26 (9H, s); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 172.6, 171.2, 170.9, 155.0, 138.1, 137.4, 137.3, 129.3, 129.1, 129.0, 128.2, 127.9, 127.9, 126.4, 126.2, 126.1, 78.0, 55.8, 53.4, 53.3, 37.8, 37.5, 36.7, 28.1; HRMS (EI) calcd. for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{38}\text{N}_3\text{O}_6$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 560.2761, found: 560.2835.